**Keys to Test Two**

**Band One (18-1F)**

**Part I Listening comprehension (8%)**

1-4: D C A B

**Part II Dictation (22%)**

**1. sympathy 同情**

**2. remarkable 非凡的；不同寻常的**

**3. personnel 人员；人事**

**4. solitary 单独的，唯一的**

**5. grief 悲痛**

**6. legislation 法律；立法**

**7. relate to 理解；认同**

**8. with good grace 有风度地；情愿地**

**9. primitive 简单的；原始的**

**10. collapse 坍塌；昏倒**

**11. acute 严重的；敏锐的**

**Part III**

1-5: D A C B B 6-10: C C D B A

11-15: B B D B C 16-20: B D C A C

**Part IV**

1. stories of heroes 2. remind 3. extraordinary 4. fulfillment 5. as part of

6. average citizen 7. recognizing 8. working to change 9. honoring 10. act heroically

**Part V Translations (15%)**

1. 在一个英雄主义发扬光大的时代(1 point)，我们把各种困难和悲剧(1 point)的受害者和幸存者都称为英雄(1 point)。

2. 在葬礼仪式上，牧师说道(1 point)：“多利一生英雄，非死才为英雄。” (2 points)

3. 这些都是平民英雄(0.5 point)，他们在特别危急的情况下(1 point)，本能地做出勇敢而高尚的举动(1.5 point)。

4. 很多警察和应急救援人员在大街上庄严游行(1.5 point)，纪念具有高度保护和服务意识的罗素(1.5 point)。

5. 曼德拉，一位超凡卓越的具有传奇色彩的领袖(1 point)，没有抱怨，他努力奋斗，致力于创建和谐国家(1 point)，促进社会化解以往的矛盾(1 point)。

**Part VI C-E Translation (5%)**

Zheng He was the most famous maritime explorer in Chinese history (0.5 point). From 1405 AD, Zheng He led his fleet, made seven voyages to the Western Seas (0.5 point) with over 100,000 crew members in total (0.5 point), and visited more than 30 countries and regions (0.5 point). Zheng He’s voyages to the Western Seas were a great feat in the world’s navigation history (1 point). It exhibited the national strength and prestige of the Ming Dynasty (1 point) and (it) strengthened the relationships between the Ming Dynasty and the overseas countries (1 point).